

October 1

How can you change a  
sine equation into a  
cosine equation for the  
same graph?

add  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  to the c value +  
(or subtract) change the sign of  
the amplitude

October 1

Students will verbally explain how to  
graph sine and cosine functions  
(using the words:  
range, period, vertical shift, horizontal shift...)

6. The function shown on this page has the equation  $f_1(x) = -1.5\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + 4$ . Write an equation for a cosine function that will have the same graph.

$$1.5\cos(x+4)+4 \quad -1.5\cos\left(x-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)+4$$

$$1.5\cos\left(x+\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)+4 \quad \frac{\frac{\pi}{4}+\frac{\pi}{2}=\frac{\pi}{4}+\frac{2\pi}{4}=\frac{3\pi}{4}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\pi}{4}-\frac{\pi}{2}=\frac{\pi}{4}-\frac{2\pi}{4}=-\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

7. The function shown on this page has the equation  $f_2(x) = 3\sin(2x) - 5$ . Write an equation for a cosine function that will have the same graph.

$$3\cos(2x-1.5)-5 \quad -3\cos\left(2x+\frac{\pi}{2}\right)-5$$

$$3\cos\left(2x-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)-5 \quad \text{add } \frac{\pi}{2}, A \text{ changes}$$

$$\text{subtract } \frac{\pi}{2}, A \text{ stays the same} \quad \text{sign}$$

6. The function shown on this page has the equation  $f_1(x) = -1.5\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + 4$ . Write an equation for a cosine function that will have the same graph.

$$y = 1.5 \cdot \cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + 4 \quad y = -1.5 \cdot \cos\left(x + \frac{2 \cdot \pi}{4}\right) + 4$$

$$\frac{\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{2\pi}{4} = \frac{3\pi}{4}}$$

$$y = 1.5 \cdot \cos\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 4 \quad \frac{\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{2\pi}{4} = -\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$y = 1.5 \cdot \cos\left(1 \cdot x - 7\right) + 4 \quad y = 1.5 \cos\left(x + \frac{3\pi}{4}\right) + 4$$

7. The function shown on this page has the equation  $f_2(x) = 3\sin(2x) - 5$ . Write an equation for a cosine function that will have the same graph.

$$y = 3 \cdot \cos(2 \cdot x) \quad y = 3 \cdot \cos\left(2 \cdot x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - 5$$

$$y = -3 \cdot \cos(2 \cdot x) - 5 \quad y = 3 \sin(2x) - 5$$

$$y = 3 \cdot \cos(2 \cdot x - 1.6) - 5 \quad y = -3 \cos\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - 5$$

8. a. Write an equation for a sine function with an amplitude of 4, a period of 12, a horizontal shift of 2, and a vertical shift of 3.

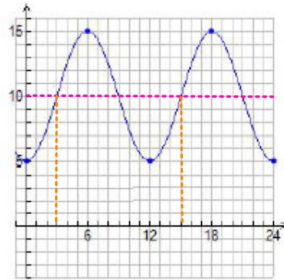
$$y = 4\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + 3$$

- b. Write an equation for a cosine function with the same parameters as the sine function in part (a).

$$y = -4\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}x + \frac{\pi}{6}\right) + 3$$

$$y = 4\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}x - \frac{5\pi}{6}\right) + 3$$

9. a. Write an equation for the sine function whose graph is shown in the figure below.



midline:  $y = 10 \rightarrow$  Vertical Shift =  $D = 10$

Amplitude =  $A = 5$

length of one cycle = 12

$$\frac{2\pi}{B} = 12 \rightarrow B = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

Horizontal Shift = 3

$$\frac{-C}{B} = 3 \rightarrow C = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$y = 5\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 10$$

- b. Utilize a cosine function to write an equation for the same graph.

$$y = -5\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}x\right) + 10$$

$$y = 5\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}x - \pi\right) + 10$$

pg 166 #3 - 12 (multiples of 3), 17, 19, 21,  
43, 45, 48, 49, 51, 54, 55, 57, 58

$$\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$$