

April 8

How do you take the derivative of a function?

What does the derivative tell you about a function?



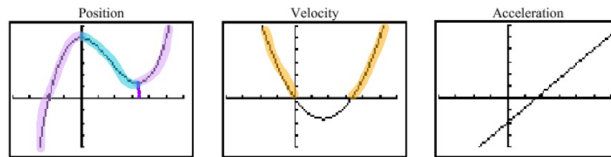
April 8

Students will verbally explain how to sketch the graphs of functions and derivatives

(using the words:
increasing, decreasing, positive, negative...)



Use the graphs below to answer the following questions.

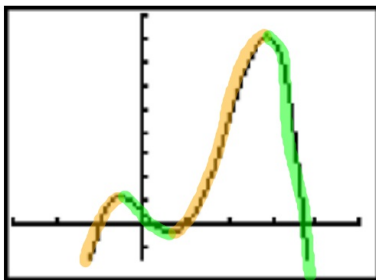


- a. When is the position **increasing**? $x < 0$ and $x > 3.1$
- b. When is the velocity **positive** (above the x-axis)? $x < 0$ and $x > 3.1$
- c. When is the position **decreasing**? $0 < x < 3.1$
- d. When is the velocity **negative** (below the x-axis)? $0 < x < 3.1$
- e. When is the velocity **increasing**? $x > 2$
- f. When is the acceleration **positive** (above the x-axis)? $x > 2$
- g. When is the velocity **decreasing**? $x < 2$
- h. When is the acceleration **negative** (below the x-axis)? $x < 2$
- i. How does the position graph compare to the velocity graph? How does the velocity graph compare to the acceleration graph?

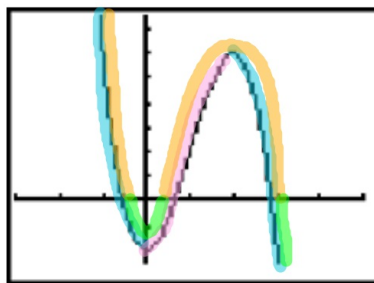
When position decreases
the velocity is negative

When position increases
the velocity is positive

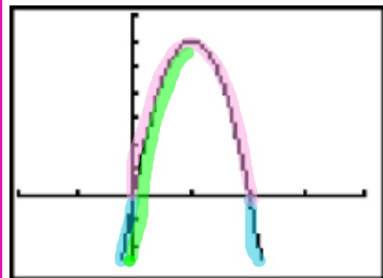
Position



Velocity



Acceleration



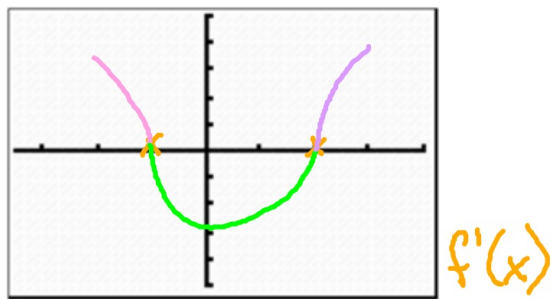
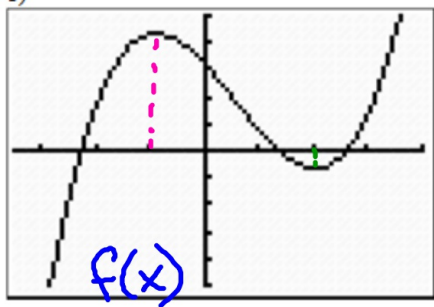
If the function is increasing
(going up)

then the derivative is positive
(above x-axis)

If the function is decreasing
(going down)

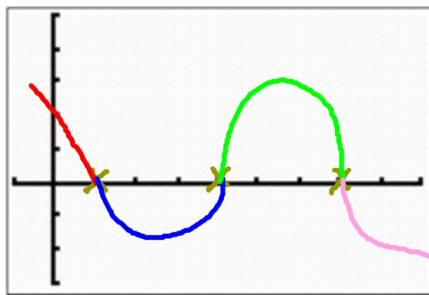
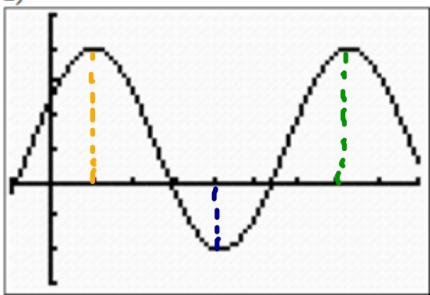
then the derivative is negative
(below x-axis)

1)



Critical Points	-1	2	
Sign of Derivative	+	-	+
Behavior of Function	inc	dec	inc

2)



Critical Points					
Sign of Derivative	+	-	+	-	
Behavior of Function	inc	dec	inc	dec	