

JANUARY 23

Evaluate the following for  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -2|x+1|, & x \leq 1 \\ 3, & 1 < x < 3 : \\ 6-2x, & x \geq 3 \end{cases}$

$f(10)$

$f(2) = 3$

$f(0)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 6 - 2(10) \\ &= -14 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(3) = \text{DNE}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &-2|0+1| = \\ &-2(1) = \\ &-2 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x^2, & x \geq \_ \end{cases}$$

$$-(-5)^2 = -(25) = -25$$

$$-(-5)(-5)$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x} + 3 & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ ax^2 - b & \text{for } 1 < x < 4 \\ \frac{x}{2} - 3 & x \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

Find a and b so that f(x) is continuous

$$\sqrt{x} + 3 = ax^2 - b \quad (\text{when } x=1)$$

$$\sqrt{1} + 3 = a(1)^2 - b$$

$$4 = a - b$$

$$ax^2 - b = \frac{x}{2} - 3 \quad (\text{when } x=4)$$

$$a(4)^2 - b = \frac{4}{2} - 3$$

$$16a - b = -1$$

Elimination

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 16a - b = -1 \\ -(a - b = 4) \\ \hline 15a = -5 \\ \frac{15a}{15} = \frac{-5}{15} \\ a = -\frac{1}{3} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{rcl} -\frac{1}{3} - b = 4 \\ -b = 4\frac{1}{3} = \frac{13}{3} = 4.333 \\ b = -\frac{13}{3} \end{array}$$

Substitution

$$\begin{aligned} a - b &= 4 \\ a &= 4 + b \end{aligned}$$

$$16(4 + b) - b = -1$$

$$64 + 16b - b = -1$$

$$\frac{15b}{15} = \frac{-65}{15}$$

$$b = \frac{-65}{15} = -\frac{13}{3}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x} + 3 & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ ax^2 - b & \text{for } 1 < x < 4 \\ \frac{x}{2} - 3 & x \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

Find a and b so that f(x) is continuous

$$\sqrt{x} + 3 = ax^2 - b \quad (\text{when } x=1)$$

$$\sqrt{1} + 3 = a(1)^2 - b$$

$$4 = a - b$$

$$\frac{x}{2} - 3 = ax^2 - b \quad (\text{when } x=4)$$

$$\frac{4}{2} - 3 = a(4)^2 - b$$

$$-1 = 16a - b$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} -1 = 16a - b \\ -(4 = a - b) \\ \hline -5 = 15a \\ \frac{-5}{15} = \frac{15a}{15} \\ -\frac{1}{3} = a \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{rcl} 4 = -\frac{1}{3} - b \\ 4\frac{1}{3} = 4.333 = \frac{13}{3} = -b \\ b = -\frac{13}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 4 = a - b & -1 = 16a - b \\ -a & -a \\ \hline 4 - a = -b & -1 - 16a = -b \\ -4 + a = b & 1 + 16a = b \\ -4 + a = 1 + 16a & \\ -1 - a & -1 - a \\ \hline -5 = 15a & \\ \frac{-5}{15} & \frac{15a}{15} \end{array}$$

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Find a and b so that f(x) is continuous

$$\sqrt{x} + 3 = ax^2 - b \quad (\text{when } x=1)$$

$$\sqrt{1} + 3 = a(1)^2 - b$$

$$4 = a - b$$

$$ax^2 - b = \frac{x}{2} - 3 \quad (\text{when } x=4)$$

$$a(4)^2 - b = \frac{4}{2} - 3$$

$$16a - b = -1$$

$$4 = a - b$$

$$-(-1 = 16a - b)$$

$$\frac{5 = -15a}{-15 \quad -15}$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} = a$$

$$4 = -\frac{1}{3} - b \quad -4.333$$

$$+\frac{1}{3} \quad +\frac{1}{3} \quad -\frac{13}{3}$$

$$4\frac{1}{3} = -b \rightarrow b = -4\frac{1}{3}$$

$$4 = a - b$$

$$4 + b = a$$

$$-1 = 16a - b$$

$$-1 = 16(4+b) - b$$

$$-1 = 64 + 16b - b$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-65}{15} = \frac{15b}{15}$$

$$\frac{-65}{15} = \frac{-13}{3} = b$$